

n-Octylamine

10550

Version / Revision5.01Revision Date30-Nov-2020Supersedes Version5.00***Issuing date30-Nov-2020

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Identification of the substance/preparation n-Octylamine

Chemical Name Octylamine **CAS-No** 111-86-4

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance /

Intermediate

Preparation

Uses advised against None

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier OQ Chemicals Corporation

15375 Memorial Drive West Memorial Place I

Suite 300

Houston, TX 77079

USA

Phone +1 346 378 7300

Product Information Product Stewardship

FAX: +49 (0)208 693 2053 email: sc.psq@oq.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number NCEC +1 202 464 2554

available 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is classified in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200 (GHS-US classification).

Acute oral toxicity Category 3, H301 Acute dermal toxicity Category 3, H311 Acute inhalation toxicity Category 4, H332 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A, H314



n-Octylamine 10550

Version / Revision

5.01

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1, H318

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Category 3, H335

Flammable liquid Category 3, H226

Environmental hazard Aquatic Acute 1; H400; Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

OSHA Specified Hazards

Not applicable.

2.2. Label elements

Labeling according to §1910.1200 (GHS-US labeling).



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H226: Flammable liquid and vapor.

H301: Toxic if swallowed.

H311: Toxic in contact with skin.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.

P242: Use non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271: Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.

P260: Do not breathe gas/mist/vapours. P273: Avoid release to the environment.***

Response

P301 + P330 + P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P361: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.



n-Octylamine 10550

Version / Revision

5.01

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P321: Specific treatment: IF ON SKIN: Wash off with 3% acetic acid followed by

large amounts of plain water for at least 5 min as a final step.

P391: Collect spillage.

Storage P403 + P235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

Disposal P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

None known

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	Concentration (%)
Octylamine	111-86-4	> 99,0

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Keep at rest. Aerate with fresh air. Call a physician immediately. Symptoms of poisoning may develop many hours after exposure.

Skin

Wash off with 3% acetic acid followed by large amounts of plain water for at least 5 min as a final step. Immediate medical treatment is necessary as untreated wounds from corrosion of the skin heal slowly and with difficulty.

Eyes

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Main symptoms

shortness of breath, convulsions, cough, hypertensive effect.

Emergency telephone number 3 / 14



n-Octylamine 10550

Version / Revision

5.01

Special hazard

Stomach perforation, Lung oedema.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General advice

Remove contaminated, soaked clothing immediately and dispose of safely. First aider needs to protect himself.

Treat as an alkaline substance (similar to ammonia). If ingested, irrigate the stomach. Treat skin and mucous membranes with antihistamine and corticoids. In case of lung irritation, first treatment with cortisone spray. Symptoms may be delayed. Later control for pneumonia and lung oedema.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2), water spray

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under conditions giving incomplete combustion, hazardous gases produced may consist of:

carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO2)

nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Combustion gases of organic materials must in principle be graded as inhalation poisons Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Fire fighter protection should include a self-contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH-approved or EN 133) and full fire-fighting turn out gear.

Precautions for firefighting

Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Water run-off and vapor cloud may be corrosive. Water run-off can cause environmental damage. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Keep people away from and upwind of fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: For personal protective equipment see section 8. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation,

Emergency telephone number 4 / 14



n-Octylamine 10550

Version / Revision

5.01

especially in confined areas. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

For emergency responders: Personal protection see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage. Do not discharge product into the aquatic environment without pretreatment (biological treatment plant). Water runoff can cause environmental damage.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment

Stop the flow of material, if possible without risk. Dike spilled material, where this is possible.

Methods for cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. If liquid has been spilt in large quantities clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours).

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Refill and handle product only in closed system.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Advice on the protection of the environment

See Section 8: Environmental exposure controls.

Incompatible products

strong acids oxidizing agents

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). In case of fire, emergency cooling with water spray should be available. Ground and bond containers when transferring material.

Emergency telephone number 5 / 14



5.01

n-Octylamine 10550

Version / Revision

Technical measures/Storage conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Handle and open container with care. Handle under nitrogen, protect from moisture. Keep at temperatures between -1 and 38 °C (30 and 100 °F).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits United States of America

No exposure limits established regarding ACGIH, OSHA Z-1 and OSHA Z-2.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate Engineering controls

General or dilution ventilation is frequently insufficient as the sole means of controlling employee exposure. Local ventilation is usually preferred. Explosion-proof equipment (for example fans, switches, and grounded ducts) should be used in mechanical ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General industrial hygiene practice

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. In addition to goggles, wear a face shield if there is a reasonable chance for splash to the face.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective material may be used, depending on the situation, if adequate degradation and permeation data is available. If other chemicals are used in conjunction with this chemical, material selection should be based on protection for all chemicals present.

Suitable material nitrile rubber

Evaluation according to EN 374: level 3

Glove thickness approx 0,55 mm

Break through time approx 60 min

Suitable material polyvinylchloride

Evaluation Information derived from practical experience

Glove thickness approx 0,8 mm

Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing. Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Emergency telephone number 6 / 14



n-Octylamine 10550

10550 Version / Revision 5.01

Respiratory protection

Respirator with filter for ammonia vapour and ammonia derivatives (K Filter). Use the indicated respiratory protection if the occupational exposure limit is exceeded and/or in case of product release (vapor or mist). Equipment should conform to NIOSH.***

Environmental exposure controls

Use product only in closed system. If leakage can not be prevented, the substance needs to be suck off at the emersion point, if possible without danger. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Inform the responsible authorities in case of leakage into the atmosphere, or of entry into waterways, soil or drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

AppearanceliquidColourcolourlessOdourammonia-likeOdour thresholdNo data available

pH 11,8 (100 g/l in water @ 25 °C (77 °F)) DIN 19268

Melting point/range 35,6 °F (2 °C) (Pour point)

Method DIN ISO 3016

Boiling point/range 352,4 °F (178 °C) @ 1 atm (101,3 kPa)

Method OECD 103

Flash point 136,4 °F (58 °C) @ 1013 hPa***

Method ISO 2719

Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) Does not apply, the substance is a liquid

Lower explosion limit 0,7 Vol % **Upper explosion limit** 9,6 Vol %

Vapour pressure

. Values [hPa] Values [kPa] Values [atm] @ °C @ °F Method

0,81 0,081 0,00081 20 68 \sim 7 \sim 0,7 \sim 0,007 50 122 Vapour density 4,46 (Air = 1) @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Relative density

Values @ °C @ °F Method 0,7808 20 68 DIN 51757 **Solubility** 0,32 g/l @ 68 °F (20 °C), in water, ISO 4311

 log Pow
 3,7 @ 25 °C (77 °F) OECD 117***

 Autoignition temperature
 527 °F (275 °C) @ 1019 hPa***

Method DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature No data available

Viscosity 1,371 mPa*s @ 68 °F (20 °C)

Method DIN 51562, dynamic

Emergency telephone number 7 / 14



n-Octylamine

10550 Version / Revision 5.01

9.2. Other information

Molecular weight129,25Molecular formulaC8 H19 N

log Koc 4,25 @ pH 5 - 7 calculated***

Dissociation constant pKa 10,6 @ 23,5 °C (74,3 °F), OECD 112***

Oxidizing properties Does not apply, substance is not oxidising. There are no chemical groups

associated with oxidizing properties

Refractive Index 1,429 @ 68 °F (20 °C)

Explosive propertiesDoes not apply, substance is not explosive. There are no chemical groups

associated with explosive properties

Surface tension 44,2 mN/m (0,28 g/l @ 20°C (68°F)), OECD 115

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The reactivity of the product corresponds to the typical reactivity shown by the substance group as described in any text book on organic chemistry.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with heat, sparks, open flame and static discharge. Avoid any source of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

strong acids, oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. If heated to thermal decomposition the following decomposition products may occur depending on the conditions. carbon monoxide (CO). nitrogen oxides (NOx). cyanides. nitric acid. nitriles.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact, Ingestion

Emergency telephone number 8 / 14



n-Octylamine 10550

Version / Revision

5.01

Octylamine, CAS: 111-86-4

Main symptoms

shortness of breath, convulsions, cough, hypertensive effect.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Acute toxicity				
Octylamine (111-86-4)				
Routes of Exposure	Endpoint	Values	Species	Method
Oral	LD50	< 200 mg/kg	rat, male/female	OECD 401
Inhalative	LC50	1,6 mg/l (4 h)	rat, male/female	OECD 403
Dermal	LD50	200 - 2000 mg/kg	rabbit	

Octylamine, CAS: 111-86-4

Assessment

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

Irritation and corrosion				
Octylamine (111-86-4)				
Target Organ Effects	Species	Result	Method	
Skin	rabbit	highly corrosive	OECD 404	3 min
Eyes	rabbit	highly corrosive	OECD 405	
Respiratory tract***	mouse male***	RD50: 17 ppm***		15 min***

Octylamine, CAS: 111-86-4

Assessment

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

Sensitization				
Octylamine (111-86-4)				
Target Organ Effects	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Skin	mouse female***	negative	MEST	10 %, in Ethanol***

Octylamine, CAS: 111-86-4

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Skin sensitization

For respiratory sensitization, no data are available***

Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity				
Octylamine (111-86-4)				
Туре	Dose	Species	Method	
Subchronic toxicity	NOAEL: ~ 100 mg/kg/d	rat, male/female	OECD 422	Oral read across



n-Octylamine 10550

Version / Revision

5.01

Octylamine, CAS: 111-86-4

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Carcinogenicity, Muta	Carcinogenicity, Mutagenicity, Reproductive toxicity					
Octylamine (111-86-4)		<u>-</u>				
Туре	Dose	Species	Evaluation	Method		
Mutagenicity		mouse lymphoma cells	negative	OECD 476 (Mammalian Gene Mutation)	In vitro study read across	
Mutagenicity		Salmonella typhimurium	negative	OECD 471 (Ames)	In vitro study	
Mutagenicity		mouse male***	negative	OECD 474	in vivo read across	
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/d	rat, parental		OECD 422, Oral	read across	
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/d	rat, 1. Generation, male/female		OECD 422, Oral	read across	

Octylamine, CAS: 111-86-4

CMR Classification

The available data on CMR properties are summarized in the table above. They do not indicate a classification into categories 1A or 1B

Evaluation

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

Did not show reprotoxic or mutagenic effects in animal experiments

For carcinogecity, no data are available***

Octylamine, CAS: 111-86-4

Aspiration toxicity

Due to the viscosity, this product does not present an aspiration hazard

Note

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Further details on substance data can be found in the registration dossier under the following link:

http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity			
Octylamine (111-86-4)			
Species	Exposure time	Dose	Method
Daphnia magna (Water flea)	48h	EC50: 1,9 mg/l	OECD 202***
Pimephales promelas (fathead	96h	LC50: 5,19 mg/l	OECD 203
minnow)		_	
Desmodesmus subspicatus	72h	EC50: 0,23 mg/l (Growth	92/69/EEC C.3



n-Octylamine 10550

Version / Revision

5.01

		rate)	
Activated sludge (bacteriae)	11 d	NOEC: >= 32 mg/l	OECD 301A

Long term toxicity				
Octylamine (111-86-4)				
Туре	Species	Dose	Method	
Aquatic toxicity	Desmodesmus	NOEC: 0,01 mg/l	Growth rate	
,	subspicatus	(3d)	92/69/EEC C.3	
Aquatic toxicity***	Desmodesmus	EC10: 0,07 mg/l (72	Growth rate	
· · ·	subspicatus***	h)***	92/69/FFC C 3***	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Octylamine, CAS: 111-86-4

Biodegradation

> 70 % (12*** d), activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted, OECD 301 C.***

Abiotic Degradation		
Octylamine (111-86-4)		
Туре	Result	Method
Hydrolysis	not expected	
Photolysis	Half-life (DT50): 10 h	calculated

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Octylamine (111-86-4)		
Туре	Result	Method
log Pow	3,7 @ 25 °C (77 °F)***	measured, OECD 117
BCF	89-120	calculated

12.4. Mobility in soil

Octylamine (111-86-4)					
Type	Result	Method			
Surface tension	44,2 mN/m (0,28 g/l @ 20°C	OECD 115			
	(68°F))				
Adsorption/Desorption	log Koc: 4,25 @ pH 5 - 7	calculated			
Distribution to environmental compartments	Air: 2,44% Soil: 76,8% Water:	Calculation according Mackay,			
	20,4% Sediment: 0,39%	Level I			

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Octylamine, CAS: 111-86-4 PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very



n-Octylamine 10550

Version / Revision

5.01

bioaccumulating (vPvB)

12.6. Other adverse effects

Octylamine, CAS: 111-86-4

No data available

Note

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product Information

Disposal required in compliance with all waste management related state and local regulations. The choice of the appropriate method of disposal depends on the product composition by the time of disposal as well as the local statutes and possibilities for disposal.

Uncleaned empty packaging

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.

SECTION 14: Transport information

D.O.T. (49CFR)

14.1. UN number UN 2734

14.2. UN proper shipping name Amines, liquid, corrosive, flammable, n.o.s.

(n-Octylamine)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8

Subsidiary Risk 3 **14.4. Packing group**

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marking Fish and tree

Marine pollutant yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

Emergency Response Guide 132

ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR

14.1. UN number UN 2734

14.2. UN proper shipping nameAmines, liquid, corrosive, flammable, n.o.s.

(n-Octylamine)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8

Emergency telephone number 12 / 14



n-Octylamine 10550

Version / Revision

5.01

Subsidiary Risk 3
14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards14.6. Special precautions for userno data available

IMDG

14.1. UN number UN 2734

14.2. UN proper shipping name Amines, liquid, corrosive, flammable, n.o.s.

(n-Octylamine)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8
Subsidiary Risk 3
14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marking Fish and tree

Marine pollutant yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-E, S-C

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II not applicable of MARPOL and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Federal and State Regulations

Components of the product are listed in the quoted regulations. For details please refer to the regulations directly. This list is not exhaustive, please check for other applicable regulations.

Federal Regulations

This product is listed on the TSCA inventory

State Regulations

Octylamine, CAS: 111-86-4

MA RTK List PA RTK List

International Inventories

Octylamine, CAS: 111-86-4

AICS (AU) DSL (CA) IECSC (CN)



n-Octylamine 10550

Version / Revision

5.01

EC-No. 2039160 (EU) ENCS (2)-133 (JP) ISHL (2)-133 (JP) KECI KE-26611 (KR) PICCS (PH) TSCA (US) NZIOC (NZ) TCSI (TW)

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision Date 30-Nov-2020 Issuing date 30-Nov-2020

Hazard Rating Systems

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association)

Health Hazard 3
Fire Hazard 2
Reactivity 0

HMIS (Hazardous Material Information System)

Health Hazard 3
Flammability 2
Physical Hazard 0

Training advice

For effective first-aid, special training / education is needed.

Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

Information contained in this safety data sheet is based on OQ owned data and public sources deemed valid or acceptable. The absence of data elements required by OSHA, ANSI or Annex II, Regulation 1907/2006/EC indicates, that no data meeting these requirements is available.

Further information for the safety data sheet

Changes against the previous version are marked by ***. Observe national and local legal requirements. For more information, other material safety data sheets or technical data sheets please consult the OQ homepage (www.chemicals.oq.com).

The use of a comma in section 3 and section 7 to 12 is the same as a period.

Disclaimer

For industrial use only. The information contained herein is accurate to the best of our knowledge. We do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. OQ makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, concerning the safe use of this material in your process or in combination with other substances. User has the sole responsibility to determine the suitability of the materials for any use and the manner of use contemplated. User must meet all applicable safety and health standards.

End of Safety Data Sheet

Emergency telephone number 14 / 14