

n-Butanol 10420 Version / Revision Supersedes Version

4 3.00*** Revision Date Issuing date 26-Jan-2021 26-Jan-2021

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Identification of the substance/preparation

n-Butanol

 CAS-No
 71-36-3

 EC No.
 200-751-6

 Registration number (REACh)
 01-2119484630-38

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	Intermediate Formulation Distribution of substance coatings cleaning agent Lubricants and lubricant additives Metal working fluids / rolling oils laboratory chemicals Polymer processing consumer care product
Uses advised against	None

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company/Undertaking Identification	OQ Chemicals GmbH Rheinpromenade 4A D-40789 Monheim Germany
	OQ Chemicals Corporation 15375 Memorial Drive West Memorial Place I Suite 300 Houston, TX 77079 USA
Product Information	Product Stewardship FAX: +49 (0)208 693 2053 email: sc.psq@oq.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number +44 (0) 1235 239 671 (UK) available 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

00

10420 n-Butanol Revision Date Version / Revision 26-Jan-2021 4

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is classified based on Directive 1272/2008/EC and its amendments (CLP Regulation)

Flammable liquid Category 3, H226 Acute oral toxicity Category 4, H302 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2, H315 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1, H318 Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Category 3, H335, Category 3, H336

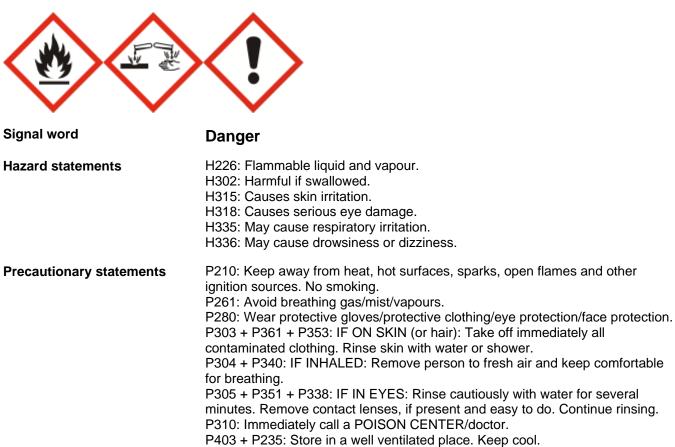
Additional information

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation 1272/2008/EC and its amendments (CLP Regulation).

Hazard pictograms



2.3. Other hazards

Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback Vapours may form explosive mixture with air

Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation, ingestion and through the skin



10420 n-Butanol Revision Date Version / Revision

26-Jan-2021 4

PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	REACh-No	1272/2008/EC	Concentration (%)
Butan-1-ol	71-36-3	01-2119484630-38	Flam. Liq. 3; H226	> 99,80
			Acute Tox. 4; H302	
			Skin Irrit. 2; H315	
			Eye Dam. 1; H318	
			STOT SE 3; H335	
			STOT SE 3; H336	

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Keep at rest. Aerate with fresh air. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Eyes

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a physician immediately. If conscious, drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Main symptoms

cough, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, unconsciousness, diarrhea.

Special hazard

Lung irritation, Pneumonia.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General advice

Remove contaminated, soaked clothing immediately and dispose of safely. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. First aider needs to protect himself.

Treat symptomatically. If ingested, irrigate the stomach using activated charcoal. Chemical pneumonitis could follow respiratory exposure.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

10420 n-Butanol



Revision Date Version / Revision 26-Jan-2021 4

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2), water spray, alcohol-resistant foam

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under conditions giving incomplete combustion, hazardous gases produced may consist of: carbon monoxide (CO) carbon dioxide (CO2) Combustion gases of organic materials must in principle be graded as inhalation poisons Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback Vapours may form explosive mixture with air

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Fire fighter protection should include a self-contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH-approved or EN 133) and full fire-fighting turn out gear.

Precautions for firefighting

Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Keep people away from and upwind of fire. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Foam should be applied in large quantities as it is broken down to some extent by the product.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: For personal protective equipment see section 8. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Personal protection see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage. Do not discharge product into the aquatic environment without pretreatment (biological treatment plant).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment

Stop the flow of material, if possible without risk. Dike spilled material, where this is possible.

Methods for cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. universal binder). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. If liquid has been spilt in large quantities clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours).

6.4. Reference to other sections

10420 n-Butanol Revision Date Version / Revision 26-Jan-2021 4

For personal protective equipment see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Advice on the protection of the environment

See Section 8: Environmental exposure controls.

Incompatible products

strong oxidizing agents acids acid chlorides reducing agents

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). In case of fire, emergency cooling with water spray should be available. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Technical measures/Storage conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Handle and open container with care.

Suitable material

stainless steel, mild steel

Unsuitable material

Attacks some forms of plastic and rubber, Natural Rubber

Temperature class T2

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Intermediate Formulation Distribution of substance coatings cleaning agent Lubricants and lubricant additives Metal working fluids / rolling oils laboratory chemicals Polymer processing

10420 n-Butanol Revision Date Version / Revision 26-Jan-2021 4

consumer care product

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits Egypt

Egypt OELs; Threshold limits of air pollutants in the workplace (Decree No. 338, Annex 8)

Component	CLV (mg/m³)	CLV (ppm)	Skin Absorption	Carc. Cat.
Butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	152	50	Yes	

Exposure limits Israel

Israel OELs

Component	TWA	TWA	STEL	STEL
	(mg/m³)	(ppm)	(mg/m³)	(ppm)
Butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3		20		

Exposure limits South Africa

South Africa OELs; Recommended exposure limits

Component	TWA (mg/m³)	TWA (ppm)	STEL (mg/m³)	STEL (ppm)
Butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3			150	150
Component	Skin Ab	sorption	Sensi	tizer
Butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	Y	es		

Exposure limits United Arab Emirates

United Arab Emirates OELs ***

Component	TWA	TWA	STEL	STEL
	(mg/m³)	(ppm)	(mg/m³)	(ppm)
Butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	61	20		
Component	CLV (mg/m³)	CLV (ppm)	Skin Absorption	Carc. Cat.
Butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	152	50	Yes	

Exposure limits Kuweit

No exposure limits established.

Note

For details and further information please refer to the original regulation.



10420 n-Butanol



Revision Date Version / Revision 26-Jan-2021 4

Occupational Exposure Controls

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate Engineering controls

General or dilution ventilation is frequently insufficient as the sole means of controlling employee exposure. Local ventilation is usually preferred. Explosion-proof equipment (for example fans, switches, and grounded ducts) should be used in mechanical ventilation systems.

Personal protective equipment

General industrial hygiene practice

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. In addition to goggles, wear a face shield if there is a reasonable chance for splash to the face.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective material may be used, depending on the situation, if adequate degradation and permeation data is available. If other chemicals are used in conjunction with this chemical, material selection should be based on protection for all chemicals present.

Suitable material	butyl-rubber
Evaluation	according to EN 374: level 6
Glove thickness	approx 0,3 mm
Break through time	> 480 min
Suitable material	nitrile rubber
Evaluation	according to EN 374: level 6
Glove thickness	approx 0,55 mm
Break through time	> 480 min

Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing. Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Respiratory protection

Respirator with filter for organic vapour. Use the indicated respiratory protection if the occupational exposure limit is exceeded and/or in case of product release (dust). Equipment should conform to NIOSH, EN or other applicable national standards.

Environmental exposure controls

If possible use in closed systems. If leakage can not be prevented, the substance needs to be suck off at the emersion point, if possible without danger. Observe the exposure limits, clean exhaust air if needed. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Inform the responsible authorities in case of leakage into the atmosphere, or of entry into waterways, soil or drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties



10420 n-Butanol 26-Jan-2021 4

Appearance Colour Odour Odour threshold pH Melting point/ran Boiling point/ran Flash point Method Evaporation rate Flammability (sol Lower explosion Upper explosion	ge id, gas) limit	liquid colourless alcoholic No data avail neutral < -90 °C (Pou 119 °C @ 101 35 °C @ 1013 ISO 2719 No data avail Does not app 1,4 Vol % 11,3 Vol %	ır point) 13 hPa 3 hPa able	ance is a liqui	id
Vapour pressure Values [hPa] 10 53	Values [kPa] 1 5,3	Values [atm] 0,010 0,052	@ °C 20 50	@ °F 68 122	Method DIN EN 13016-2*** DIN EN 13016-2***
Vapour density Relative density Values 0,81 Solubility log Pow Autoignition tem Method Decomposition te Viscosity Method Oxidizing propert Explosive proper	2 perature emperature ties	associated wi	@ °F 68 C, in water, (7 °F), OECD 13 hPa able 5 @ 20 °C 151562 Iy, substance ith oxidizing Iy, substance	Method DIN 5175 DECD 105 117*** e is not oxidis properties e is not explos	7 ing. There are no chemical groups sive. There are no chemical groups

9.2. Other information

Molecular weight Molecular formula	74,12 C4 H10 O
log Koc	0,54 calculated***
Refractive index	1,399 @ 20 °C
Surface tension	69,9 mN/m (1 g/l @ 20°C (68°F)), OECD 115

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The reactivity of the product corresponds to the typical reactivity shown by the substance group as described in any text book on organic chemistry.

10.2. Chemical stability



10420 n-Butanol Revision Date Version / Revision 26-Jan-2021 4

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with heat, sparks, open flame and static discharge. Avoid any source of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

strong oxidizing agents, acids, acid chlorides, reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure Ingestion, Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

Acute toxicity				
Butan-1-ol (71-36-3)				
Routes of Exposure	Endpoint	Values	Species	Method
Oral	LD50	2292 mg/kg	rat, female	OECD 401
Inhalative	LC0	> 17,76 mg/l (4h)	rat, male/female	OECD 403
Dermal	LD50	3430 mg/kg	rabbit male	OECD 402

Butan-1-ol, CAS: 71-36-3 Assessment Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for: Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Acute inhalation toxicity

Irritation and corrosion	า			
Butan-1-ol (71-36-3)				
Target Organ Effects	Species	Result	Method	
Skin	rabbit	irritating		2h***
Eyes	rabbit	severe irritation	OECD 405	
Respiratory tract***	human***	irritating (up 200 ppm)***		10 years***
Respiratory tract***	human***	Low irritating potential***		5 min***
Respiratory tract***	rat***	irritating***		7h***

Butan-1-ol, CAS: 71-36-3

Assessment

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

00

10420 n-Butanol

Revision Date Version / Revision

26-Jan-2021 4

Sensitization				
Butan-1-ol (71-36-3)				
Target Organ Effects	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Skin	guinea pig	not sensitizing		read across Weight of evidence***

Butan-1-ol, CAS: 71-36-3

Assessment Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for: Skin sensitization For respiratory sensitization, no data are available

Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity

Butan-1-ol (71-36-3)				
Туре	Dose	Species	Method	
Subchronic toxicity	NOAEL: 125 mg/kg/d***	rat, male/female		Oral
Subchronic toxicity	LOAEL: 500 mg/kg/d (90d)	rat, male/female		Oral
Subchronic toxicity	NOAEL: ~ 2,35 mg/l/d (90d)	rat, male/female	EPA OTS 798.2450	Inhalation read across***

Butan-1-ol, CAS: 71-36-3

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for: STOT $\ensuremath{\mathsf{RE}}$

Carcinogenicity, Muta	genicity, Reprod	uctive toxicity			
Butan-1-ol (71-36-3)					
Туре	Dose	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Mutagenicity		V79 cells, Chinese hamster	negative	OECD 476 (Mammalian Gene Mutation) HPRT	In vitro study
Mutagenicity		V79 cells, Chinese hamster	negative	Chromosomal Aberration	In vitro study
Mutagenicity		Salmonella typhimurium	negative	Ames test	
Mutagenicity		mouse male/female***	negative	OECD 474	Oral in vivo micronucleus test
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEL 18,5 mg/l	rat, parental			Inhalation
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEL 18,5 mg/l	rat, 1. Generation, male/female			Inhalation
Reproductive toxicity***	NOAEL 5000 mg/kg/d	rat, parental, female		Oral Systemic toxicity***	
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 1454 mg/kg/d	rat		OECD 414, Oral***	Maternal toxicity, Fetal toxicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 5654 mg/kg/d	rat		OECD 414, Oral***	Teratogenicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 10,8 mg/l	rat		Inhalation	Maternal toxicity, Fetal toxicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 24,7 mg/l	rat		Inhalation	Teratogenicity

00

10420 n-Butanol

Revision Date Version / Revision 26-Jan-2021 4

	no carcinogenic potential***		QSAR***	
	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/d	rat, male/female	Oral	
, ,	NOAEC: 2000 ppm	rat, male/female		Fertility read across***
Reproductive toxicity***	mg/kg/d***	rat, 1. Generation, male/female***	Oral***	

Butan-1-ol, CAS: 71-36-3

CMR Classification

The available data on CMR properties are summarized in the table above. They do not indicate a classification into categories 1A or 1B

Evaluation

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments

In the absence of specific alerts no cancer testing is required

Butan-1-ol, CAS: 71-36-3

Main symptoms

cough, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, unconsciousness, diarrhoea.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Aspiration toxicity

Based on the viscosity a potential aspiration hazard cannot be excluded

Other adverse effects

Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation, ingestion and through the skin.

Note

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Further details on substance data can be found in the registration dossier under the following link:

http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity Butan-1-ol (71-36-3)			
	Exposure time	Dose	Method
Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)	96h	LC50: 1376 mg/l	OECD 203
Daphnia magna (Water flea)	48h	EC50: 1328 mg/l	OECD 202
Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96h	EC50: 225 mg/l (Growth rate)	OECD 201
Pseudomonas putida***	17 h***	EC50: 4390 mg/l***	DIN 38412, part 8***

Long term toxicity				
Butan-1-ol (71-36-3)				
Туре	Species	Dose	Method	



10420 n-Butanol

Revision Date Version / Revision

26-Jan-2021 4

Reproductive toxicity	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	NOEC: 4,1 mg/l (21d)	OECD 211	
Reproductive toxicity	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	EC50: 18 mg/l/21d	OECD 211	
Aquatic toxicity	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	EC10: 134 mg/l (96 h) NOAEC: 129 mg/l (96 h)***	OECD 201 Growth rate	

Terrestrial toxicity				
Butan-1-ol (71-36-3)				
Species	Exposure time	Dose	Туре	Method
Lactuca sativa (Lettuce)***	3 d***	EC50: ~ 390 mg/l***	•	germination inhibition test***

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Butan-1-ol, CAS: 71-36-3

Biodegradation

92 % (15 d), Sewage, aerobic, domestic, non-adapted, BOD.

Abiotic Degradation		
Butan-1-ol (71-36-3)		
Туре	Result	Method
Hydrolysis	No data available	
Photolysis	Half-life (DT50): 46 - 53,5 h***	measured***

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Butan-1-ol (71-36-3)		
Туре	Result	Method
log Pow	1 @ 25 °C	OECD 117
BCF	3,16***	calculated***

12.4. Mobility in soil

Butan-1-ol (71-36-3)		
Туре	Result	Method
Surface tension	69,9 mN/m (1 g/l @ 20°C (68°F))	OECD 115
Adsorption/Desorption	log Koc: 0,54	calculated
Distribution to environmental	Air: 27,07 Soil: 0,04 Water: 72,85	Calculation according Mackay,
compartments	Sediment: 0,04 Suspended	Level I***
	sediment: 0 Biota: 0	

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Butan-1-ol, CAS: 71-36-3

PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

00

10420 n-Butanol Revision Date Version / Revision 26-Jan-2021 4

12.6. Other adverse effects

Butan-1-ol, CAS: 71-36-3 No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product Information

Disposal required in compliance with all waste management related state and local regulations. The choice of the appropriate method of disposal depends on the product composition by the time of disposal as well as the local statutes and possibilities for disposal.

Hazardous waste according to European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

Uncleaned empty packaging

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR/RID

 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards 14.6. Special precautions for user ADR Tunnel restriction code Classification Code Hazard Number 	UN 1120 Butanols 3 III no (D/E) F1 30
ADN	ADN: Container and Tanker
 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards 14.6. Special precautions for user Classification Code Hazard Number 	UN 1120 Butanols 3 III no F1 30
ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR	
14.1. UN number	UN 1120



10420 n-Butanol	Revision Date Version / Revisior	26-Jan-2021 4
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Butanols	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3	
14.4. Packing group	III	
14.5. Environmental hazards	no	
14.6. Special precautions for user	no data available	
IMDG		
14.1. UN number	UN 1120	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Butanols	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3	
14.4. Packing group	111	
14.5. Environmental hazards	no	
14.6. Special precautions for user		
EmS	F-E, S-D	
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex		
II of MARPOL and the IBC Code		
Product name	n-Butyl alcohol	
Ship type	3	
Pollution category	Z	
SECTION 15: Regulatory information		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI

Butan-1-ol, CAS: 71-36-3 Classification	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4*; H302 STOT SE 3; H335 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318
Hazard pictograms	STOT SE 3; H336 GHS02 Flame GHS05 Corrosion GHS07 Exclamation mark
Signal word Hazard statements	Danger H226, H302, H335, H315, H318, H336
International Inventories	
Butan-1-ol, CAS: 71-36-3 AICS (AU) DSL (CA) IECSC (CN) EC-No. 2007516 (EU) ENCS (2)-3049 (JP) ISHL (2)-3049 (JP)	

00

10420 n-Butanol Revision Date Version / Revision 26-Jan-2021 4

ISHL 2-(8)-299 (JP) KECI KE-03867 (KR) INSQ (MX) PICCS (PH) TSCA (US) NZIoC (NZ) TCSI (TW)

National regulatory information Egypt

Banned Chemicals (Unified List of Hazardous Substances, List A) not listed

Substances Requiring Permits (Unified List of Hazardous Substances, List B) not listed

Non-Restricted Substances (Unified List of Hazardous Substances, List C)

Component	Listed
Butan-1-ol	Yes
CAS: 71-36-3	

National regulatory information Israel

Harmful Chemicals (Hazardous Substances Law, 5753-1993, Annex 1 not listed

Toxic Chemicals (Hazardous Substances Law, 5753-1993, Annex 2 not listed

Hazardous materials requiring annual testing (Labor Inspection Regs., Appendix 1) not listed

Hazardous Substances Regulations (Classification & Exemptions) not listed

National regulatory information South Africa

Group 1 Hazardous Substances (G.N.R 452) not listed

National regulatory information United Arab Emirates

Prohibited and restricted imports (Ministry of Environment and Water) not listed

For details and further information please refer to the original regulation.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour. H302: Harmful if swallowed.



10420 n-Butanol Revision Date Version / Revision 26-Jan-2021 4

H315: Causes skin irritation.H318: Causes serious eye damage.H335: May cause respiratory irritation.H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Abbreviations

A table of terms and abbreviations can be found under the following link: http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/13632/information_requirements_r20_en.pdf

Training advice

For effective first-aid, special training / education is needed.

Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

Information contained in this safety data sheet is based on OQ owned data and public sources deemed valid or acceptable. The absence of data elements required by OSHA, ANSI or Annex II, Regulation 1907/2006/EC indicates, that no data meeting these requirements is available.

Further information for the safety data sheet

Changes against the previous version are marked by ***. Observe national and local legal requirements. For more information, other material safety data sheets or technical data sheets please consult the OQ homepage (www.chemicals.oq.com).

Disclaimer

For industrial use only. The information contained herein is accurate to the best of our knowledge. We do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. OQ makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, concerning the safe use of this material in your process or in combination with other substances. User has the sole responsibility to determine the suitability of the materials for any use and the manner of use contemplated. User must meet all applicable safety and health standards.

End of Safety Data Sheet