

2-Methylbutyric acid

10070

Version / Revision Revision Date 03-Dec-2021 5.00*** **Supersedes Version** 03-Dec-2021 Issuing date

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Identification of the substance/preparation

2-Methylbutyric acid

CAS-No 116-53-0

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance /

Preparation

Intermediate

Uses advised against None

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier OQ Chemicals Corporation

> 15375 Memorial Drive West Memorial Place I

Suite 300

Houston, TX 77079

USA

Phone +1 346 378 7300

Product Information Product Stewardship

> FAX: +49 (0)208 693 2053 email: sc.psq@oq.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number NCEC +1 202 464 2554

available 24/7***

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is classified in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200 (GHS-US classification).

Acute oral toxicity Category 4, H302 Acute dermal toxicity Category 4, H312 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B, H314 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1, H318

Flammable liquid Category 4, H227



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OSHA Specified Hazards

Not applicable.

2.2. Label elements

Labeling according to §1910.1200 (GHS-US labeling).

Hazard symbol(s)



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H227: Combustible liquid

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H312: Harmful in contact with skin.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements

Prevention P210: Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P260: Do not breathe gas/mist/vapours. P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.***

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Response P301 + P330 + P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P321: Specific treatment: IF ON SKIN: Wash off immediately with soap and plenty

of water.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.***

Storage P403 + P233: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405: Store locked up.

Disposal P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

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Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	Concentration (%)
2-Methylbutyric acid	116-53-0	> 99,0

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Keep at rest. Aerate with fresh air. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Main symptoms

cough, dizziness, nausea, shortness of breath, unconsciousness, gastrointestinal discomfort.

Special hazard

Lung irritation, Lung oedema, Dermatitis.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General advice

Remove contaminated, soaked clothing immediately and dispose of safely. First aider needs to protect himself.

Treat symptomatically. If ingested, flush stomach and compensate acidosis. In case of lung irritation, first treatment with cortisone spray.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media



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Suitable extinguishing media

foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2), water spray

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under conditions giving incomplete combustion, hazardous gases produced may consist of: carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO2)

Combustion gases of organic materials must in principle be graded as inhalation poisons

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors

Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Fire fighter protection should include a self-contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH-approved or EN 133) and full fire-fighting turn out gear.

Precautions for firefighting

Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Water run-off and vapor cloud may be corrosive. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Keep people away from and upwind of fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: For personal protective equipment see section 8. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

For emergency responders: Personal protection see section 8.***

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage. Do not discharge product into the aquatic environment without pretreatment (biological treatment plant).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment

Stop the flow of material, if possible without risk. Dike spilled material, where this is possible.

Methods for cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. If liquid has been spilt in large quantities clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours).



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6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Advice on the protection of the environment

See Section 8: Environmental exposure controls.

Incompatible products

bases amines oxidizing agents

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). In case of fire, emergency cooling with water spray should be available. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

Technical measures/Storage conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Handle and open container with care. Keep at temperatures between -18 and 38 °C (0 and 100 °F).

Suitable material

stainless steel, aluminium

Unsuitable material

nickel, copper

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits United States of America

No exposure limits established.



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8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate Engineering controls

General or dilution ventilation is frequently insufficient as the sole means of controlling employee exposure. Local ventilation is usually preferred. Explosion-proof equipment (for example fans, switches, and grounded ducts) should be used in mechanical ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General industrial hygiene practice

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. In addition to goggles, wear a face shield if there is a reasonable chance for splash to the face.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective material may be used, depending on the situation, if adequate degradation and permeation data is available. If other chemicals are used in conjunction with this chemical, material selection should be based on protection for all chemicals present.

Suitable material nitrile rubber

Evaluation according to EN 374: level 6

Glove thickness approx 0,55 mm > 480 min Break through time

Suitable material polyvinylchloride

Information derived from practical experience **Evaluation**

Glove thickness approx 0,8 mm

Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing. Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Respiratory protection

Respirator with filter for organic vapour. Use the indicated respiratory protection if the occupational exposure limit is exceeded and/or in case of product release (vapor or mist). Equipment should conform to NIOSH.***

Environmental exposure controls

If possible use in closed systems. If leakage can not be prevented, the substance needs to be suck off at the emersion point, if possible without danger. Observe the exposure limits, clean exhaust air if needed. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Inform the responsible authorities in case of leakage into the atmosphere, or of entry into waterways, soil or drains.



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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance liquid colourless
Odour unpleasant
Odour threshold No data available

pH3,1 (1 % in water @ 25 °C (77 °F)) DIN 19268*** **Melting point/range**-130 °F (-90 °C) @ 1013 hPa (Pour point)***

Method DIN ISO 3016***

Boiling point/range 350,6 °F (177 °C) @ 1 atm (101,3 kPa)

Method OECD 103***

Flash point 170,6 °F (77 °C) @ 1 atm (101,3 kPa)***

Method EN 22719
Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) Does not apply, the substance is a liquid

Lower explosion limit 1,6 Vol % Upper explosion limit 7,3 Vol %

Vapour pressure

 Values [hPa]
 Values [kPa]
 Values [atm]
 @ °C
 @ °F
 Method

 1,68***
 0,168***
 0,002
 20
 68
 DIN EN

 13016-2***

Vapour density ~ 3,5 (Air = 1) @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Relative density

 Values
 @ °C
 @ °F
 Method

 0,9360
 20
 68
 DIN 51757

 Solubility
 45 g/l @ 20 °C (68 °F), in water, OECD 105***

 log Pow
 1,8 @ 25 °C (77 °F) measured OECD 117***

Autoignition temperature 815 °F (435 °C) @ 1007 hPa***

Method DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature No data available

Viscosity 2,1 mPa*s @ 68 °F (20 °C) Method dynamic, ASTM D445

9.2. Other information

Molecular weight102,13Molecular formulaC5 H10 O2

Dissociation constant pKa 4,8 @ 20 °C (68 °F), OECD 112***

Oxidizing properties Does not apply, substance is not oxidising. There are no chemical groups

associated with oxidizing properties

Refractive Index 1,405 @ 68 °F (20 °C)

Explosive propertiesDoes not apply, substance is not explosive. There are no chemical groups

associated with explosive properties

Surface tension 64,2 mN/m (1 g/l @ 20°C (68°F)), OECD 115

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SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The reactivity of the product corresponds to the typical reactivity shown by the substance group as described in any text book on organic chemistry.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with heat, sparks, open flame and static discharge. Avoid any source of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

bases, amines, oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure Ingestion, Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

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Main symptoms

cough, dizziness, nausea, shortness of breath, unconsciousness, gastrointestinal discomfort.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT SE

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Acute toxicity				
2-Methylbutyric acid (116-5	3-0)			
Routes of Exposure	Endpoint	Values	Species	Method
Oral	LD50	1750 mg/kg	rat, male/female	OECD 401
Dermal	LD50	2228 mg/kg	rabbit male	OECD 402



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Dermal	LD50	1367 mg/kg	rabbit female	OECD 402
Inhalative	LC0	8375 mg/m³ (6 h)	rat, male/female	OECD 403

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Assessment

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

An LC50/inhalation/4h/rat could not be determined because no mortality of rats was observed at the maximum achievable concentration

Irritation and corrosion				
2-Methylbutyric acid (116	-53-0)			
Target Organ Effects	Species	Result	Method	
Skin	rabbit	corrosive	OECD 404	3 min

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Assessment

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

Available skin corrosion data suffice for classification of eye corrosion without further testing

For respiratory irritation, no data are available

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Assessment

Skin sensitization was not tested due to the corrosive properties of the substance

For respiratory sensitization, no data are available

2-Methylbutyric acid, CAS: 116-53-0

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Carcinogenicity, Mutagenicity, Reproductive toxicity					
2-Methylbutyric a	cid (116-53-0)				
Туре	Dose	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Mutagenicity		Salmonella typhimurium Escherichia coli***	negative	OECD 471 (Ames)***	

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CMR Classification

The available data on CMR properties are summarized in the table above. They do not indicate a classification into categories 1A or 1B

Evaluation

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

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Aspiration toxicity

no data available

Note



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Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Further details on substance data can be found in the registration dossier under the following link:

http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity			
2-Methylbutyric acid (116-53-0)			
Species	Exposure time	Dose	Method
Danio rerio (Zebra fish)	96h	LC50: > 1000 mg/l	OECD 203
Bacteria / Sewage	24h	TTC: 1250 mg/l	ETAD Fermentation tube method
Daphnia magna (Water flea)***	48h***	LC50: 88,1 mg/l***	OECD 202 read across***
Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata***	72h***	EC50: 73,2 mg/l (Growth rate)***	OECD 201 read across***

Long term toxicity				
2-Methylbutyric acid (116-5	3-0)			
Туре	Species	Dose	Method	
Aquatic toxicity***	Pseudokirchneriella	NOEC: 54,4 mg/l (3d)	OECD 201 read	
	subcapitata***	Growth inhibition***	across***	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

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Biodegradation

67,9 % (10 d), Sewage, domestic, non-adapted, Readily biodegradable, OECD 301 D.

Abiotic Degradation			
2-Methylbutyric acid (116-53-0)			
Туре	Result	Method	
Hydrolysis***	No data available***		
Photolysis***	No data available***		

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-Methylbutyric acid (116-53-0)		
Туре	Result	Method
log Pow***	1,8 @ 25 °C (77 °F)***	measured, OECD 117***
BCF***	No data available***	

12.4. Mobility in soil



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2-Methylbutyric acid (116-53-0)		
Туре	Result	Method
Surface tension	64,2 mN/m (1 g/l @ 20°C (68°F))	OECD 115
Adsorption/Desorption***	no data available***	
Distribution to environmental	no data available***	
compartments***		

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

12.6. Other adverse effects

2-Methylbutyric acid, CAS: 116-53-0

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product Information

Disposal required in compliance with all waste management related state and local regulations. The choice of the appropriate method of disposal depends on the product composition by the time of disposal as well as the local statutes and possibilities for disposal.

Uncleaned empty packaging

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.

SECTION 14: Transport information

D.O.T. (49CFR)

14.1. UN number	UN 3265
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (2-Methylbutyric acid)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	8
14.4. Packing group	II
14.5. Environmental hazards	no
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Emergency Response Guide	153



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ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR

14.1. UN number UN 3265

14.2. UN proper shipping nameCorrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (2-Methylbutyric

acid)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8
14.4. Packing group II
14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user no data available

IMDG

14.1. UN number UN 3265

14.2. UN proper shipping nameCorrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (2-Methylbutyric

acid)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-A, S-B

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II not applicable

of MARPOL and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Federal and State Regulations

Components of the product are listed in the quoted regulations. For details please refer to the regulations directly. This list is not exhaustive, please check for other applicable regulations.

Federal Regulations

This product is listed on the TSCA inventory

International Inventories

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AICS (AU)***
DSL (CA)***
IECSC (CN)***

EC-No. 2041452 (EU)***



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ENCS (2)-608 (JP)***
ISHL (2)-608 (JP)***
KECI KE-23544 (KR)***
INSQ (MX)***
PICCS (PH)***
TSCA (US)***
NZIoC (NZ)***
TCSI (TW)***

SECTION 16: Other information

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Hazard Rating Systems

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association)

Health Hazard 3
Fire Hazard 2
Reactivity 0

HMIS (Hazardous Material Information System)

Health Hazard 3
Flammability 2
Physical Hazard 0

Training advice

For effective first-aid, special training / education is needed.

Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

Information contained in this safety data sheet is based on OQ owned data and public sources deemed valid or acceptable. The absence of data elements required by OSHA, ANSI or Annex II, Regulation 1907/2006/EC indicates, that no data meeting these requirements is available.

Further information for the safety data sheet

Changes against the previous version are marked by ***. Observe national and local legal requirements. For more information, other material safety data sheets or technical data sheets please consult the OQ homepage (www.chemicals.oq.com).

The use of a comma in section 3 and section 7 to 12 is the same as a period.

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet

Emergency telephone number 13 / 13

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